SOUTHGLENN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Arapahoe County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Southglenn Metropolitan District Arapahoe County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Southglenn Metropolitan District (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate to those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information on pages 24 and 25 is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and legal compliance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The supplementary information on pages 26 through 33 has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Arvada, Colorado July 18, 2023

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SOUTHGLENN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 530,114
Cash and Investments - Restricted	3,872,864
Prepaid Expenses	450
Property Taxes Receivable	1,062,445
Capital Assets, Net:	
Parking Garage	7,714,200
Easements	18,680,284
Total Assets	31,860,357
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	36,670
Due to County Treasurer - District	16,142
Due to County Treasurer - CURA	136,603
Accrued Interest Payable	233,000
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	3,385,931
Due in More than One Year	65,301,939
Total Liabilities	69,110,285
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Property Tax Revenue	1,062,445
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,062,445
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(37,482,358)
Restricted for:	, , ,
Emergency Reserves	21,800
Debt Service	49,934
Unrestricted	(901,749)
Total Net Position	\$ (38,312,373)

SOUTHGLENN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Program Revenues	S	Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position
		Charges	Operating	Capital	0 11
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Primary Government:	Ехрепзез	<u> </u>	Continuations	Continuations	Activities
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 3,593,637	\$ -	\$ 428,009	\$ -	\$ (3,165,628)
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	3,001,715		5,236,026		2,234,311
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 6,595,352	\$ -	\$ 5,664,035	\$ -	(931,317)
	GENERAL REVE	NUES			
	Property Taxes				1,051,061
	Specific Owners	•			181,112
	Net Investment				101,239
	Total Gen	eral Revenues			1,333,412
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION			402,095
	Net Position - Beg	ginning of Year			(38,714,468)
	NET POSITION -	END OF YEAR			\$ (38,312,373)

SOUTHGLENN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	 General	Debt Service	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments Cash and investments - Restricted Prepaid Expenses	\$ 530,114 21,800 450	\$ 3,851,064 -	\$	530,114 3,872,864 450
Property Taxes Receivable	212,489	849,956		1,062,445
Total Assets	\$ 764,853	\$ 4,701,020	\$	5,465,873
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to County Treasurer - District Due to County Treasurer - CURA Total Liabilities	\$ 10,037 7,739 11,509 29,285	\$ 26,633 8,403 125,094 160,130	\$	36,670 16,142 136,603 189,415
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Property Tax Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 212,489 212,489	849,956 849,956		1,062,445 1,062,445
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid Expenses Restricted for: Emergency Reserve Debt Service Assigned to: Subsequent Year's Expenditures Unassigned: Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 450 21,800 - 4,027 496,802 523,079 764,853	\$ 3,690,934 - 3,690,934 4,701,020		450 21,800 3,690,934 4,027 496,802 4,214,013
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Capital Assets, Net Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				26,394,484
Bonds Payable Bond Premium (Net of Amortization) Developer Advance Payable Developer Advance Interest Payable Accrued Interest on Bonds				(60,255,000) (1,415,189) (2,766,504) (4,251,177) (233,000)
Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$	(38,312,373)

SOUTHGLENN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	(General	Debt Service	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$	280,318	\$ 770,743	\$	1,051,061
CURA Property Taxes, Net of Refunds/Abatements		428,009	4,652,125		5,080,134
CURA Sales/Use Taxes		-	583,901		583,901
Specific Ownership Taxes		-	181,112		181,112
Net Investment Income		15,122	86,117		101,239
Total Revenues		723,449	6,273,998		6,997,447
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Accounting		28,371	-		28,371
Audit		6,900	-		6,900
County Treasurer's Fees		4,223	11,612		15,835
Dues and Memberships		1,119	· -		1,119
Election		2,730	-		2,730
Insurance		34,758	-		34,758
District Management		7,234	_		7,234
Legal		17,408	_		17,408
Stormwater Fees		5,494	_		5,494
Management Fees		14,915	_		14,915
Reimbursed Maintenance		426,153	_		426,153
Miscellaneous		99	_		99
Debt Service:					
Paying Agent Fees		_	3,500		3,500
Bond Principal - Series 2016		_	3,105,000		3,105,000
Bond Interest - Series 2016		_	2,904,675		2,904,675
CURA Fees		_	26,633		26,633
Total Expenditures		549,404	 6,051,420		6,600,824
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		174,045	222,578		396,623
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Developer Advance - Maintenance		441,068	-		441,068
Repayment of Developer Advance		(550,000)	 _		(550,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(108,932)			(108,932)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		65,113	222,578		287,691
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		457,966	3,468,356		3,926,322
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	523,079	\$ 3,690,934	\$	4,214,013

SOUTHGLENN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 287,691

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation/amortization expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset. Therefore, this is the amount of capital outlay, net of

depreciation/amortization, in the current period.

Depreciation/Amortization (3,044,233)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Bond Principal Payment	3,105,000
Amortization of Bond Premium	125,631
Developer Advance	(441,068)
Repayment of Developer Advance	550,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest on Developer Advance	(189,982)
Accrued Interest on Bonds - Change in Liability	9,056

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 402,095

SOUTHGLENN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original Budget	a	Original and Final Budget	Fin. F	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$ 288,778	\$	288,778	\$	(8,460)
CURA Property Taxes - Net of Refunds/Abatements	440,919		440,919		(12,910)
Net Investment Income	 45		45	-	15,077
Total Revenues	729,742		729,742		(6,293)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Accounting	50,000		50,000		21,629
Audit	7,000		7,000		100
County Treasurer's Fees	4,332		4,332		109
Dues and Memberships	2,000		2,000		881
Election	2,000		2,000		(730)
Insurance	38,500		38,500		3,742
District Management	25,000		25,000		17,766
Legal	32,000		32,000		14,592
Stormwater Fees	5,500		5,500		6
Management Fees	21,000		21,000		6,085
Reimbursed Maintenance	600,000		600,000		173,847
Miscellaneous	1,000		1,000		901
Contingency	1,668		1,668		1,668
Total Expenditures	790,000		790,000		240,596
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(60,258)		(60,258)		234,303
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Developer Advance - Maintenance	621,000		621,000		(179,932)
Repayment of Developer Advance	(550,000)		(550,000)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	71,000		71,000		(179,932)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	10,742		10,742		54,371
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	445,169		445,169		12,797
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 455,911	\$	455,911	\$	67,168

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Southglenn Metropolitan District (District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court of Arapahoe County on November 23, 2005, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operates under a Service Plan approved by the City of Centennial on September 19, 2005. The District's service area is located entirely within the City of Centennial, Arapahoe County, Colorado. The District was established to provide financing for the design, acquisition, relocation, installation and construction of water, sanitation, streets, traffic and safety controls, park and recreation facilities, public transportation systems, security services, and mosquito control. The District also provides the funding for infrastructure improvements and the tax base needed to support ongoing operations.

The District is located within an urban renewal authority created by the City of Centennial. The District and the Centennial Urban Renewal Authority (CURA) have agreed to a Public Finance Agreement (see Note 8).

The District's service plan does not limit the mill levy for operations and maintenance. The mill levy for operations and maintenance shall not be subject to the Maximum Debt Mill Levy and can be increased as necessary to provide services to its taxpayers and service users. The Maximum Debt Mill Levy allowed by the service plan is 50.000 mills as adjusted for changes in the method of calculating assessed value.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Depreciation and amortization is computed and recorded as an operating expense. Expenditures for capital assets are shown as increases in assets and redemption of bonds and notes are recorded as a reduction in liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period except for insurance reimbursements. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes, specific ownership taxes and sales and use taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Interfund Balances

The District reports interfund balances that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements between funds in the fund financial statements as due to/from other funds. The interfund balances have been eliminated in the government-wide statements.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property Taxes (Continued)

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, easements, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress, and are not included in the calculation of the net investment in capital assets.

The majority of the District's capital assets are in the form of an easement over most of the public infrastructure. This easement enables the District to maintain the infrastructure and satisfies the responsibility for the public use of assets. Expenditures in the fund accounting statements represent the type of asset being built with public financing and are presented in the government-wide statements as an easement. Because the Southglenn easement offers the District the ability to access and maintain all of the public infrastructure being constructed with the municipal bond proceeds, the asset easement is valued at the cost of the construction and is amortized over the remaining life of the underlying assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Amortization

Original Issue Discount/Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In the government-wide financial statements, fund equity is classified as net position. Net position may be classified into three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – this component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in this component.

Restricted – this component of net position consists of assets that are restricted for use as imposed by external parties such as creditors, grantors or contributors, or as imposed by laws or regulations of other governments, or as imposed through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – the component of net position that does not meet the definitions above.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 530,114
Cash and Investments - Restricted	 3,872,864
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 4,402,978

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022 consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 60,677
Investments	 4,342,301
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 4,402,978

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$70,437 and a carrying balance of \$60,677.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements. Guaranteed investment contracts not purchased with bond proceeds are limited to maturities of three years or less.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Certain certificates of participation
- · Certain securities lending agreements
- · Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE)	Weighted-Average	
	Under 60 Days	\$ 4,342,301

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers two portfolios – CSAFE CASH FUND and CSAFE CORE.

CSAFE CASH FUND operates similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper, any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

CSAFE CORE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$2.00 transactional share price. CSAFE CORE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE.

CSAFE CASH FUND is rated AAAmmf and CSAFE CORE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE at net asset value as determined by amortized cost. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the change in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022 follows:

	Balance at December 31,	lu ana a a a	D	Balance at December 31,
Governmental Activities:	2021	Increases	Decreases	2022
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/ Amortized:				
	Φ 40 500 000	•	•	A. 40 500 000
Parking Garage	\$ 19,582,200	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,582,200
Easement	47,390,919			47,390,919
Total Capital Assets, Being				
Depreciated/Amortized	66,973,119	-	-	66,973,119
Less Accumulated Depreciation/				
Amortization for:				
Parking Garage	10,977,900	890,100	_	11,868,000
Easement	26,556,502	2,154,133	_	28,710,635
Total Accumulated Depreciation/	20,000,002	2,101,100		20,7 10,000
Amortization	37,534,402	3,044,233		40,578,635
Amortization	37,334,402	3,044,233		40,370,033
Total Capital Assets, Net	29,438,717	(3,044,233)		26,394,484
Governmental Activities Capital				
Assets, Net	\$ 29,438,717	\$ (3,044,233)	\$ -	\$ 26,394,484

Depreciation and amortization expense for the year ended December 31, 2022 was charged to general government function/program in the amount of \$3,044,233.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance at			Balance at	Due	
	December 31,			December 31,	Within	
	2021	Additions	Reductions	2022	One Year	
Governmental Activities:						
Special Revenue Refunding						
Bonds Series 2016	\$ 63,360,000	\$ -	\$ 3,105,000	\$ 60,255,000	\$ 3,265,000	
Other:						
Developer Advances -						
Operating	668,783	441,068	550,000	559,851	-	
Developer Advances - Capital	2,206,653	-	-	2,206,653	-	
Developer Advance Interest -						
Operating	21,189	35,516	-	56,705	-	
Developer Advance Interest -						
Capital	4,040,006	154,466		4,194,472		
Total	70,296,631	631,050	3,655,000	67,272,681	3,265,000	
Unamortized Bond Premium	1,540,820		125,631	1,415,189	120,931	
Total	\$ 71,837,451	\$ 631,050	\$ 3,780,631	\$ 68,687,870	\$ 3,385,931	

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

\$76,170,000 Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016, dated September 22, 2016

The proceeds from the sale of the Bonds were used to: (i) pay the costs of refunding the District's outstanding Subordinate Convertible Capital Appreciation Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2008; (ii) pay the costs of refunding the District's outstanding Tax Supported Revenue Refunding Loan 2014; (iii) fund the Reserve Fund; (iv) pay the costs in connection with the issuance of the Bonds; and, (v) repay Developer capital advances.

The Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%, with an average interest rate of 3.98%, payable semi-annually on each June 1 and December 1, beginning on December 1, 2016. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2017. The Bonds mature on December 1, 2046, and are subject to optional redemption on December 1, 2021, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par and accrued interest, at the following price.

Redemption Date	Redemption Premium
December 1, 2021 through November 30, 2022	103%
December 1, 2022 through November 30, 2023	102%
December 1, 2023 through November 30, 2024	101%
December 1, 2024 and Thereafter	100%

The Bonds are also subject to extraordinary mandatory redemption on December 1 in each year, commencing December 1, 2017, solely from and to the extent of moneys on deposit in the Redemption Account of the Bond Fund on October 15 in each such year. Such redemptions are anticipated to occur on December 1, 2030, after the termination of the Mill Levy Stabilization Fund on November 22, 2030.

The Bonds are secured by and payable solely from and to the extent of the Pledged Revenue, which is defined in the Indenture as follows:

- (a) during the PFA Term:
 - (i) the Net Pledged Property Tax Revenues;
 - (ii) the Net Pledged Sales Tax Revenues; and
 - (iii) all amounts allocable to the Property Tax Base derived from imposition of the Required Mill Levy, less costs of collection;

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

\$76,170,000 Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016, dated September 22, 2016 (Continued)

- (b) after the PFA Term:
 - (i) all amounts derived from imposition of the Required Mill Levy, less costs of collection; and
- (c) both during and after the PFA Term;
 - (i) Specific Ownership Taxes; and
 - (ii) any other legally available moneys of the District that, in its sole discretion, the District transfers (or causes to be transferred) to the Trustee for application as Pledged Revenue.

Pledged Revenue shall be applied to the following funds and in the following order:

FIRST: Interest Account of the Bond Fund;

SECOND: Principal Account of the Bond Fund;

THIRD: Reserve Fund, the amount necessary, if any, to replenish the amount

therein to the Reserve Requirement;

FOURTH: During the PFA Term: Mill levy Stabilization Fund, the amount, if any, to

cause the amount therein to equal a minimum amount of \$300,000, until

its termination of November 22, 2030;

FIFTH: During the PFA Term: Redemption Account of the Bond Fund;

SIXTH: After the PFA Term: Any fund or account as may be established for the

payment of Subordinate Bonds; and

SEVENTH: After the PFA Term: Any fund or account as may be designated by the

District.

The Bonds are further secured by the Reserve Fund, which will initially be funded with proceeds of the Bonds in the amount of \$3,408,000.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

\$76,170,000 Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016, dated September 22, 2016 (Continued)

The District's long-term obligations will mature as follows:

	 Governm				
Year Ending December 31,	 Principal	al Interest			Total
2023	\$ 3,265,000	\$	2,796,000	\$	6,061,000
2024	3,520,000		2,681,725		6,201,725
2025	3,695,000		2,558,525		6,253,525
2026	3,970,000		2,429,200		6,399,200
2027	4,160,000		2,290,250		6,450,250
2028-2032	16,300,000		8,224,000		24,524,000
2033-2037	5,680,000		5,807,000		11,487,000
2038-2042	7,910,000		4,175,750		12,085,750
2043-2046	 11,755,000		1,757,750		13,512,750
Total	\$ 60,255,000	\$	32,720,200	\$	92,975,200

Authorized Debt

On November 1, 2005, a majority of the qualified electors of the District who voted in the election authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$760,500,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 12% per annum. At December 31, 2022, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	 Amount uthorized on lovember 1, 2005	uthorization Used 2007 Bonds	uthorization Used 008 Bonds	 thorization Used 1014 Loan	uthorization Used 2016 Bonds	 Authorized at Unissued at December 31, 2021
Streets	\$ 85,000,000	\$ 29,029,000	\$ 3,016,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 52,955,000
Traffic and Safety Controls	75,000,000	11,165,000	1,160,000	-	-	62,675,000
Water Supply System	85,000,000	5,236,000	544,000	-	-	79,220,000
Storm and Sanitary System	85,000,000	3,311,000	344,000	-	-	81,345,000
Parks and Recreation						
Facilities	85,000,000	-	-	-	-	85,000,000
Transportation	85,000,000	28,259,000	2,936,000	-	-	53,805,000
Mosquito Control	500,000	-	-	-	-	500,000
Television Relay	85,000,000	-	-	-	-	85,000,000
Security Services	85,000,000	-	-	-	-	85,000,000
Operations	5,000,000	-	-	-	-	5,000,000
Refunding	85,000,000	<u>-</u>	 	2,720,000	 68,170,000	 14,110,000
Total	\$ 760,500,000	\$ 77,000,000	\$ 8,000,000	\$ 2,720,000	\$ 68,170,000	\$ 604,610,000

Per the Service Plan, the District is permitted to issue bond indebtedness of up to \$85,000,000. As of December 31, 2022, no additional indebtedness is available to be issued under the current Service Plan.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Developer Advances

The District has entered into Reimbursement and Acquisition Agreements with the Developer as follows:

Capital Funding and Reimbursement Agreement

On May 22, 2009, the District entered into a Reimbursement Agreement to repay advances made by AW Southglenn, LLC (the Developer) for costs related to the provision of public infrastructure in the nature of capital costs. The District agreed to repay the Developer for such advances plus accrued interest at a rate of 7% simple interest per annum for all advances. Furthermore, the District agreed to repay the Developer principal first, and then interest. This agreement superseded the prior Reimbursement and Acquisition Agreement entered into on April 13, 2006. As of December 31, 2022, outstanding advances under the agreement totaled \$2,206,653 and accrued interest totaled \$4,194,472.

Operations and Maintenance Agreement

On October 25, 2011, the District entered into an Operations and Maintenance Agreement with Southglenn Property Holdings, LLC (the Manager) to provide services related to maintenance, repair, restoration (and replacement of), and insurance and indemnities in connection with the Commons Area in the shopping center commonly known as "The Streets at Southglenn." The Manager agreed to loan the District one or more sums of money, not to exceed the aggregate of \$500,000 per annum for 10 years, up to \$5,000,000. The District agreed to reimburse the Manager for all expenses incurred in connection with the provision of services, provided that anticipated costs are approved by the District in the annual budget. Because the Manager incurred costs related to the "Prior Maintenance" (services provided prior to the finalization of this Agreement) on behalf of the District in anticipation that the costs would be reimbursed to the Manager, the District agreed to reimburse the Manager for Prior Maintenance Costs in accordance with, and subject to, the terms and conditions of this agreement. Any unpaid maintenance advances shall continue to accrue, at 6% simple interest, and may be paid to the Manager in future years as funds become available. Furthermore, the District agreed to repay the Manager the principal first, then interest. As of December 31, 2022, outstanding advances under the agreement totaled \$559,851 and accrued interest totaled \$56,705.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components - net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2022, the District had net investment in capital assets calculated as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Net Investment in Capital Assets:	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 26,394,484
Current Portion of Outstanding	
Long-Term Obligations	(3,385,931)
Noncurrent Portion of Outstanding	
Long-Term Obligations	(58,284,258)
Developer Advance Payable	(2,206,653)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ (37,482,358)

The District has estimated in the above calculation that 100% of the debt proceeds available for capital expenditures have been spent on the easement and parking garage owned by the District.

Restricted assets include net position that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2022 as follows:

	 vernment ctivities
Restricted Net Position:	
Emergency Reserves	\$ 21,800
Debt Service	 49,934
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 71,734

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements, a portion of which were conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTY

The Developer of the property which constitutes the District is AW Southglenn, LLC. The primary owner of property in the District is Southglenn Property Holdings, LLC. Both are affiliates of Alberta Development Partners, LLC. The members of the Board of Directors are employees, owners or are otherwise associated with the Developer and its affiliates and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS

Amended and Restated Public Finance Agreement

On June 5, 2006, the District entered into a sales tax sharing agreement with the City of Centennial and the CURA. The City has pledged 76% of the City's Sales Tax revenues collected within the District in excess of the Sales Tax Base for financing the Public Improvements and paying the District's operating and maintenance costs. The Sales Tax Base was certified by the City to be \$1,937,569 and the District shall receive 76% of all sales tax collected in the District above the sales tax base for the collection period from October 1 to September 30. Under this agreement the District will also receive all of the property taxes due to the Urban Renewal Authority for the project area. This agreement will remain in effect for 25 years (June 5, 2031) or until the District has paid off its outstanding bonds, whichever occurs first.

Second Amended and Restated Public Finance Agreement

On February 3, 2014, the District entered into a Second Amended and Restated Public Finance Agreement with CURA and the City of Centennial (the "City"). The City adopted the Southglenn Mall Redevelopment Plan for the principal purpose of facilitating redevelopment in order to eliminate or prevent the spread of physically blighted or slum areas in the Plan Area. The City, CURA and District will assist the Developer with the redevelopment of the Plan Area and provide for the public financing of a portion of the improvements and redevelopment activities to be undertaken by the District, CURA and the Developer pursuant to the Southglenn Mall Redevelopment Plan. By this agreement, the City, CURA and District agree to the terms of refinancing the bonds previously issued by the District in connection with such improvements and redevelopment activities that have been undertaken by the Developer and District.

Stormwater Facility Maintenance Agreement

On July 12, 2011, the District entered into a Stormwater Facility Maintenance Agreement with Southeast Metro Stormwater Authority (SEMSWA). Under the terms of the agreement, the District will maintain and operate stormwater facilities, including drainage facilities, intended to reduce, detain, convey, and manage stormwater runoff and facilities intended to provide water quality benefits within the confines of the District as well as the Macy's and Wells Fargo properties. The District is to ensure that the facilities are and remain in proper working condition in accordance with the City of Centennial Stormwater Management Manual, applicable SEMSWA standards imposed and applied uniformly throughout SEMSWA's boundaries and other applicable legal requirements. The District will also coordinate and pay for inspections of the facilities at least once every calendar year, as well as submit inspection reports (in accordance with the Operations and Maintenance Manual) in writing to SEMSWA prior to January 15 of each year.

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in the past fiscal year.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations that apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On November 1, 2005, District voters passed an election question to increase property taxes \$1,000,000 annually to pay the District's operational and maintenance costs, without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

On November 8, 2016 the District voters passed an election question to increase property taxes \$2,500,000 annually to pay the District's administration, covenant enforcement, design review, operations, maintenance, and other similar expenses, without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SOUTHGLENN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Property Taxes	\$ 794,138	\$ 770,743	\$ (23,395)
CURA Property Taxes, Net of Refunds/Abatements	4,792,441	4,652,125	(140,316)
Specific Ownership Taxes	193,308	181,112	(12,196)
CURA Sales/Use Taxes	299,000	583,901	284,901
Net Investment Income	341	86,117	85,776
Total Revenues	6,079,228	6,273,998	194,770
EXPENDITURES			
Debt Service:			
Paying Agent Fees	3,500	3,500	-
Bond Principal - Series 2016	3,105,000	3,105,000	-
Bond Interest - Series 2016	2,904,675	2,904,675	-
County Treasurer's Fees	11,912	11,612	300
CURA Fees	50,000	26,633	23,367
Miscellaneous	2,500	-	2,500
Contingency	2,413		2,413
Total Expenditures	6,080,000	6,051,420	28,580
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(772)	222,578	223,350
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	3,414,211	3,468,356	54,145
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,413,439	\$ 3,690,934	\$ 277,495

SOUTHGLENN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2022

\$76,170,000 Special Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 Dated September 22, 2016 Interest Rate 3.00 - 5.00% Average Rate 3.98%

Principal and Interest Maturing in the

Interest Due June 1 and December 1
Principal Payable December 1

Maturing in the	Principal Payable December 1								
Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total						
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
2023	\$ 3,265,000	\$ 2,796,000	\$ 6,061,000						
2024	3,520,000	2,681,725	6,201,725						
2025	3,695,000	2,558,525	6,253,525						
2026	3,970,000	2,429,200	6,399,200						
2027	4,160,000	2,290,250	6,450,250						
2028	4,525,000	2,082,250	6,607,250						
2029	4,800,000	1,856,000	6,656,000						
2030	5,200,000	1,616,000	6,816,000						
2031	845,000	1,356,000	2,201,000						
2032	930,000	1,313,750	2,243,750						
2033	975,000	1,267,250	2,242,250						
2034	1,070,000	1,218,500	2,288,500						
2035	1,125,000	1,165,000	2,290,000						
2036	1,225,000	1,108,750	2,333,750						
2037	1,285,000	1,047,500	2,332,500						
2038	1,395,000	983,250	2,378,250						
2039	1,465,000	913,500	2,378,500						
2040	1,585,000	840,250	2,425,250						
2041	1,665,000	761,000	2,426,000						
2042	1,800,000	677,750	2,477,750						
2043	1,890,000	587,750	2,477,750						
2044	2,030,000	493,250	2,523,250						
2045	2,135,000	391,750	2,526,750						
2046	5,700,000	285,000	5,985,000						
Total	\$ 60,255,000	\$ 32,720,200	\$ 92,975,200						

SOUTHGLENN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Taxes Levied by	Metro District						
		Prior Year	_							
		Assessed								
		Valuation								
		for Current	District Mills	Levied					Percentage	
Year Ended	Υ	ear Property		Debt		District Pro	perty	Taxes	Collected	
December 31,		Tax Levy	Operations	Service		Levied		Collected	to Levied	
2018	\$	16,228,316	33.800	26.200	\$	973,699	\$	970,029	99.62 %	
2019		15,754,618	25.700	34.300		945,277		922,862	97.63	
2020		17,493,569	35.800	24.200		1,049,614		939,993	89.56	
2021		17,274,221	18.600	41.400		1,036,453		874,104	84.34	
2022		18,048,605	16.000	44.000		1,082,916		1,051,061	97.06	
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,										
2023	\$	17,707,412	12.000	48.000	\$	1,062,445				
			Taxe	s Collected by	CUF	A and Remitt	ed to	Metro District	per Cooperation A	Agreement
		•	Prior Year	•				•	•	•
		Prior Year	Non-District						CURA	CURA

				Taxe	es Collected by	CURA and Remitte	d to Metro Distric	t per Cooperation	Agre	ement				
				Prior Year										
		Prior Year	1	Non-District				CURA		CURA				
		Increment		Increment				Cooperation	Co	operation				
		Assessed		Assessed				Agreement	Α	greement				
		Valuation		Valuation				Based on	В	ased on				
		for Current	1	for Current		Mills Levied		Increment	No	on-District				Percentage
Year Ended	Υ	ear Property	Y	ear Property	District	District Debt	Overlapping	Value	Ir	ncrement		Total	Total	Collected
December 31,		Tax Levy		Tax Levy	Operations	Service	Entities	Anticipated	Aı	nticipated	/	Anticipated	 Collections	to Anticipated
2018	\$	28,994,450	\$	6,455,145	33.800	26.200	92.573	\$ 4,527,947	\$	620,765	\$	5,148,712	\$ 4,893,225	95.04 %
2019		28,178,536		6,448,662	25.700	34.300	98.956	4,299,284		596,972		4,896,256	4,973,623	101.58
2020		31,572,368		6,660,582	35.800	24.200	98.862	5,015,649		658,478		5,674,127	5,111,188	90.08
2021		29,450,138		6,797,692	18.600	41.400	101.364	4,752,193		689,041		5,441,234	4,672,475	85.87
2022		27,977,119		5,946,707	16.000	44.000	107.135	4,675,956		637,100		5,313,056	5,080,134	95.62
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,		07.400.040			40.000	40.000	407.440	.		==1010		- 100 101		
2023	\$	27,128,249	\$	5,367,225	12.000	48.000	107.116	\$ 4,533,565	\$	574,916	\$	5,108,481		

^{1 -} The total anticipated collections from CURA does not include the 1.5% Treasurer's fee. The actual total collections is net of that fee.

SOUTHGLENN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT ASSESSED VALUATION OF CLASSES OF PROPERTY DECEMBER 31, 2022

2022 Assessed Valuation of Classes of Property in the District

Property Class	Total Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Commercial	\$ 40,307,683	89.90%
Residential	4,368,048	9.74%
State Assessed	159,350	0.36%
Vacant	580	0.00%
Total	\$ 44,835,661	100.00 %

2022 Assessed Valuation of Classes of Property in the Redevelopment Area

Property Class	Total Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Commercial	\$ 49,165,150	91.54%
Residential	4,368,048	8.13%
State Assessed	172,310	0.33%
Vacant	725	0.00%
Total	\$ 53,706,233	100.00 %

SOUTHGLENN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT HISTORY OF NET PLEDGED SALES TAX REVENUES DECEMBER 31, 2022

History of Net Pledged Sales Tax Revenues

 Amount	Percentage Change
\$ 513,696	- %
851,271	65.7
914,242	7.4
989,303	8.2
908,202	(8.2)
944,787	4.0
888,258	(6.0)
794,195	(10.6)
299,041	(62.3)
373,805	25.0
583,901	56.2
	851,271 914,242 989,303 908,202 944,787 888,258 794,195 299,041 373,805

⁽¹⁾ City Sales Tax is paid to the City in the month following the retail sales period. The portion of the City Sales Tax which is paid to the District by the Authority as Net Pledged Sales Tax Revenues is paid in the month following collection by the City. Accordingly, figures for each year in this table reflect District receipts for the period January through December, but retail sales during the period November through October.

SOUTHGLENN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TEN LARGEST OWNERS OF TAXABLE PROPERTY DECEMBER 31, 2022

Ten Largest Owners of Taxable Property within the District

Taxpayer Name	2022 Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation (2)	
Southglenn Property Holdings, LLC (1)	\$ 30,570,423	68.18%	
Sunroad SMVA Portola LLC	4,368,048	9.74%	
JCH Block 9 Southglenn LLC	2,509,951	5.60%	
Whole Foods #10273	498,619	1.11%	
Regal Cinemas Inc.	221,131	0.49%	
Sephora	178,125	0.40%	
Public Svc Co of Colorado	147,350	0.33%	
Best Buy #1171	109,145	0.24%	
Parry's Pizzeria & Bar LLC #10	97,340	0.22%	
Chick-fil-A #2759	89,653	0.20%	
Total	\$ 38,789,785	86.51%	

⁽¹⁾ Defined herein as the Landowner.

⁽²⁾ Based on a 2022 certified assessed valuation of: \$44,835,661

SOUTHGLENN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TEN LARGEST OWNERS OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

Ten Largest Owners of Taxable Property within the Redevelopment Area

Taxpayer Name	2022 Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation (2)
Southglenn Property Holdings, LLC (1)	\$ 31,148,683	58.00%
Sunroad SMVA Portola LLC	4,368,048	8.13%
JCH Block 9 Southglenn LLC	2,509,951	4.67%
Apria Healthcare LLC	955,854	1.78%
Xfinity	857,297	1.60%
Waste Connections Inc #5311	672,831	1.25%
Whole Foods #10273	498,619	0.93%
Alpine Disposal Inc	488,821	0.91%
Regal Cinemas Inc.	221,131	0.41%
Sephora	178,125	0.33%
Total	\$ 41,899,360	78.01%

⁽¹⁾ Defined herein as the Landowner.

⁽²⁾ Based on a 2022 certified assessed valuation of: \$53,706,233

SOUTHGLENN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT HISTORY OF OVERLAPPING MILL LEVIES DECEMBER 31, 2022

History of Overlapping Mill Levies for the District and Redevelopment Area

Taxing Entity (1)	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Littleton School District No. 6	46.650	46.081	55.389	57.530	56.935	56.985	56.601	53.424	53.030	51.166
Arapahoe County	15.609	15.672	15.949	17.316	17.150	17.130	16.950	14.856	15.039	13.817
S. Suburban Park & Rec. District	6.830	6.777	6.869	7.034	6.960	6.915	8.808	8.651	8.643	8.496
Littleton Fire Protection District	7.678	7.678	7.678	7.678	7.678	7.678	7.678	7.678	7.678	7.678
Arapahoe Library District	4.827	4.783	4.869	4.981	4.903	4.861	4.794	5.916	5.926	5.853
City of Centennial	5.054	5.047	5.077	5.120	5.129	5.073	5.015	5.030	5.026	5.006
Urban Drainage & Flood District	0.591	0.569	0.576	0.623	0.657	0.672	0.700	0.611	0.620	0.557
Total Overlapping Mill Levy	87.239	86.607	96.407	100.282	99.412	99.314	100.546	96.166	95.962	92.573
The District	30.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000
Total Mill Levy	117.239	146.607	156.407	160.282	159.412	159.314	160.546	156.166	155.962	152.573
Taxing Entity (1) (2)	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022					
Littleton School District No. 6	56.945	59.266	64.744	64.936	67.061					
Arapahoe County	14.301	12.685	13.013	12.762	13.750					
South Metro Fire Rescue	0.000	9.250	9.250	9.319	9.288					
S. Suburban Park & Rec. District	8.364	8.365	8.385	8.396	8.426					
Littleton Fire Protection District	7.678	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000					
Arapahoe Library District	5.845	5.799	5.810	5.790	5.771					
City of Centennial	5.003	5.002	5.033	5.013	5.008					
Urban Drainage & Flood District	0.820	0.997	0.900	0.900	1.000					
Total Overlapping Mill Levy	98.956	101.364	107.135	107.116	110.304					
The District	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000					
Total Mill Levy	158.956	161.364	167.135	167.116	170.304					

⁽¹⁾ Regional Transportation District, South Arapahoe Sanitation District, Southeast Englewood Water District and West Arapahoe Conservation District also overlap the District but do not assess a mill levy.

⁽²⁾ Littleton Fire Protection District merged with South Metro Fire Rescue effective January 1, 2019.

SOUTHGLENN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2022

Estimated Overlapping General Obligation Indebtedness

	2022 Assessed	Outstanding General Obligation	Obliga Attrib	ting General ation Debt utable to District
Entity (1)	Valuation	Debt	Percent (2)	Amount
Littleton School District No. 6 (0601) South Suburban Park & Rec. District (4650)	\$ 2,079,912,120 2,852,989,402	. , ,	2.16% 1.57%	\$ 7,865,990 549,814 \$ 8,415,804

⁽¹⁾ The following entities also overlap with the District but they have no reported general obligation debt outstanding: Arapahoe County, Regional Transportation District, Urban Drainage and Flood District - South Platte, and West Arapahoe Conservation District.

Sources: Arapahoe County Assessor's Office; and individual taxing entities.

⁽²⁾ The percentage of each entity's outstanding debt chargeable to District property owners is calculated by comparing the assessed valuation of the portion overlapping the District to the total assessed valuation of the overlapping entity. To the extent the District's assessed valuation changes disproportionately with the assessed valuation of the overlapping entities, the percentage of debt for which District property owners are responsible will also change.

SOUTHGLENN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SELECTED DEBT RATIOS OF THE DISTRICT DECEMBER 31, 2022

Selected Debt Ratios of the District	_	Amount
Direct Debt (Consisting of the Bonds) Overlapping Debt (1)	\$	60,255,000 8,415,804
Total Direct Debt and Overlapping Debt	\$	68,670,804
2022 Assessed Valuation 2022 Direct Debt to Assessed Valuation 2022 Direct Debt Plus Overlapping Debt to Assessed Valuation	\$	44,835,661 134.4% 153.2%
2022 Statutory "Actual" Value 2022 Direct Debt to Statutory "Actual" Value	\$	203,779,493 29.6%
2022 Direct Debt Plus Overlapping Debt to Statutory "Actual" Value		33.7%

⁽¹⁾ Figure is estimated based on information supplied by other taxing authorities and does not include self-supporting general obligation debt.